Destination



Grammar & Vocabulary with Answer Key



Malcolm Mann Steve Taylore-Knowles



Contents

Units			Pages
Unit 1	Grammar	Present simple, present continuous, stative verbs	6
Unit 2	Grammar	Past simple, past continuous, used to	9
Unit 3	Vocabulary	Fun and games	12
Review 1	Units 1, 2 and	3	16
Unit 4	Grammar	Present perfect simple, present perfect continuous	18
Unit 5	Grammar	Past perfect simple, past perfect continuous	21
Unit 6	Vocabulary	Learning and doing	24
Review 2	Units 4, 5 and	6	28
Unit 7	Grammar	Future time (present continuous, will, be going to, present simple)	30
Unit 8	Grammar	Prepositions of time and place	33
Unit 9	Vocabulary	Coming and going	36
Review 3	Units 7, 8 and	9	40
Unit 10	Grammar	The passive 1	42
Unit 11	Grammar	The passive 2	45
Unit 12	Vocabulary	Friends and relations	48
Review 4	Units 10, 11 ar	nd 12	52
Unit 13	Grammar	Countable and uncountable nouns	54
Unit 14	Grammar	Articles	57
Unit 15	Vocabulary	Buying and selling	60
Review 5	Units 13, 14 ar	nd 15	64
Unit 16	Grammar	Pronouns and possessive determiners	66
Unit 17	Grammar	Relative clauses	69
Unit 18	Vocabulary	Inventions and discoveries	72
Review 6	Units 16, 17 ar	nd 18	76
Unit 19	Grammar	Modals 1: ability, permission, advice	78
Unit 20	Grammar	Modals 2: obligation, probability, possibility	81
Unit 21	Vocabulary	Sending and receiving	84
Review 7	Units 19, 20 ar	nd 21	88
Progress '	Test 1	Units 1 – 21	90
Unit 22	Grammar	Modals 3: the modal perfect	94
Unit 23	Grammar	Questions, question tags, indirect questions	97
Unit 24	Vocabulary	People and daily life	100

Units			Pages
Review 8	Units 22, 23 a	nd 24	104
Unit 25	Grammar	So and such, too and enough	106
Unit 26	Grammar	Comparatives and superlatives	109
Unit 27	Vocabulary	Working and earning	112
Review 9	Units 25, 26 a	nd 27	116
Unit 28	Grammar	Conditionals 1: (zero, first, second)	118
Unit 29	Grammar	Conditionals 2: (third)	121
Unit 30	Vocabulary	Body and lifestyle	124
Review 10	0 Units 28, 29 a	nd 30	128
Unit 31	Grammar	Reported speech	130
Unit 32	Grammar	Reported questions, orders, requests	133
Unit 33	Vocabulary	Creating and building	136
Review 1	ew 11 Units 31, 32 and 33		140
Unit 34	Grammar	Direct and indirect objects	142
Unit 35	Grammar	wish	145
Unit 36	Vocabulary	Nature and the universe	148
Review 12	2 Units 34, 35 a	nd 36	152
Unit 37	Grammar	-ing and infinitive	154
Unit 38	Grammar	Both, either, neither, so, nor	157
Unit 39	Vocabulary	Laughing and crying	160
Review 1	3 Units 37, 38 a	nd 39	164
Unit 40	Grammar	Connectives	166
Unit 41	Grammar	The causative	169
Unit 42	Vocabulary	Problems and solutions	172
Review 1	4 Units 40, 41 a	nd 42	176
Progress	Test 2	Units 22 – 42	178
Reference	e section	Irregular present forms	182
	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	Irregular verbs	182
		Topic vocabulary	184
		Phrasal verbs	202
		Prepositional phrases	206
		Word patterns	208
		Word formation	212



Grammar

Present simple, present continuous, stative verbs

Present simple

statement	negative	question
l/you/we/they play	l/you/we/they do not (don't) play	Do I/you/we/they play?
He/she/it plays	He/she/it does not (doesn't) play	Does he/she/it play?

Use	Example
Present habits	Marsha goes to dance lessons every Saturday.
Permanent situations	Does Dan work at the cinema?
States	I like the new James Bond film.
General truths	You play chess with 32 pieces.

Helpful hints

The present simple is often used with the following words and phrases:

adverbs

- always usually often
- sometimes rarely never phrases
- every Monday/week/etc
- each Monday/week/etc
- once/twice a week/month/etc
- three times a week/month/etc

Remember that these adverbs usually go before the verb, but **after** the verb *be*.

- I often play football with my friends.
- I am often late for my piano lessons.

Watch out!

The verbs be and have have irregular present forms. See page 182.

Present continuous

statement	negative	question
l am ('m) playing	am not ('m not) playing	Am playing?
He/she/it is ('s) playing	He/she/it is not (isn't / 's not) playing	Is he/she/it playing?
You/we/they are ('re) playing	You/we/they are not (aren't / 're not) playing	Are you/we/they playing?

Use	Example
Actions happening now	Jan is watching a DVD upstairs.
Temporary situations	She is working at the museum until the end of the month.
Annoying habits (usually with always)	My brother is always borrowing my CDs without asking!

Helpful hints

The present continuous is often used with the following words and phrases:

- now right now at the moment
- today this week/month/etc

Stative verbs

Stative verbs do not usually describe actions. They describe states (feelings, thoughts, etc). They are not normally used in continuous tenses.

- ✓ I like reading books in my free time.
- X I am liking reading books in my free time.

Some common stative verbs:

appear include see be know seem like believe taste belong to love think need understand hate have prefer want



Some of these verbs (such as be, have and think) are used in continuous tenses when they describe actions.

- ✓ What do you think about his new song?
- ✓ I'm thinking about last night's match.